SC KLAIPĖDOS NAFTA





Klaipedos nafta

Appointed by the Government of Lithuania on July 10, 2010 for LNG Terminal Project implementation

Oil transshipment terminal



LNG Terminal



Details about the company



Name of the Company:

AB Klaipėdos Nafta

Authorized share capital: 380.606.184 Litas

Date and place of registration: 27 September 1994, State Enterprise Centre of Registers

Company code: 110648893

Address: Burių g. 19, 91003 Klaipėda

Telephone numbers: +370 46 391772

Fax numbers: +370 46 311399

E-mail address: <u>info@oil.lt</u>

Internet site: <u>www.oil.lt, www.sgd.lt</u>

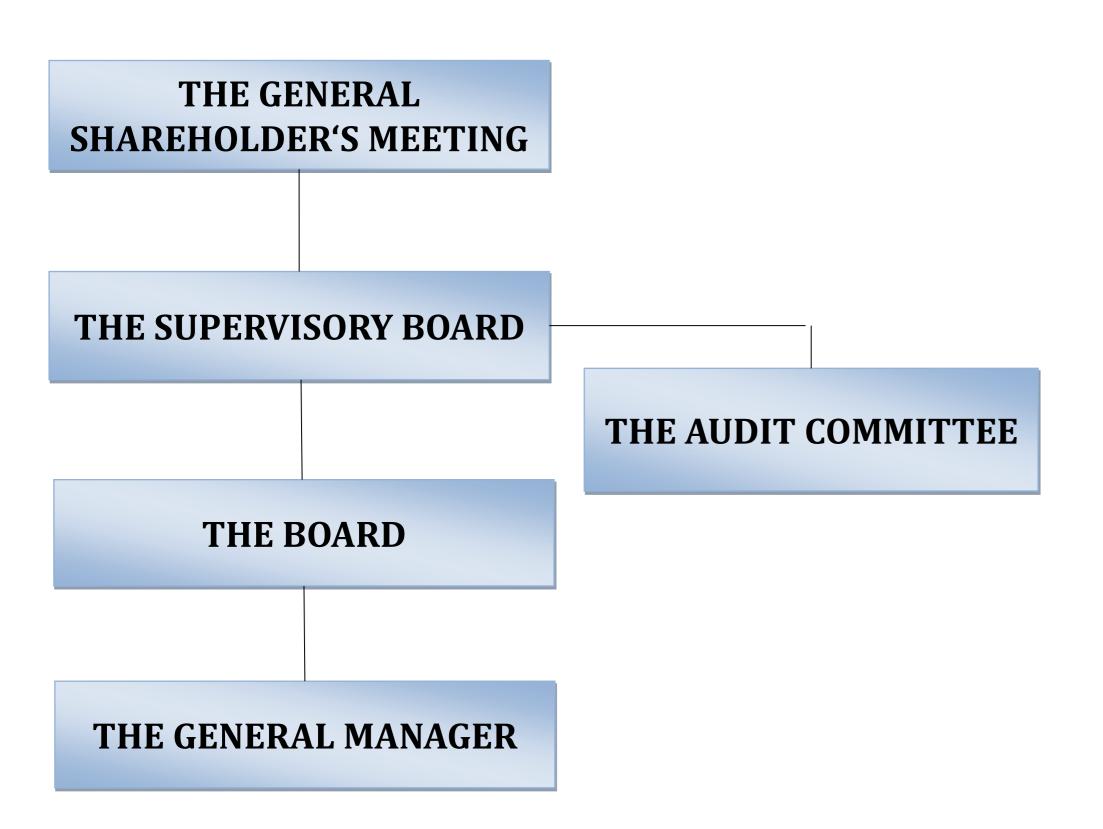
The Company's operational objectives are associated with the Company's strategy:

- to implement the project of LNGT by the end of 2014;
- To maintain status of the National significance object and to diversify activity of the Company;
- To improve effectiveness of the Company,
- To improve operativeness and flexibility of the terminal,
- To improve attractiveness of the Oil products terminal for oil refineries,
- To improve internal processes,
- To assure requirements of environmental protection.

Management of the Company



Organizational management structure



- The Company, in general, follows the Governance Code of NASDAQ OMX AB Vilnius for the companies listed on the regulated market.
- The Supervisory Board comprise of 3 (three) members.
- **The Audit Committee** comprise of 3 (three) members.
- The Board comprise of 4 (four) members. Those members are: Valdas Lastauskas, Rokas Masiulis, Rytis Ambrazevičius and Mindaugas Jusius.

Oil terminal's characteristics





Railway

- 2 tracks for light oil products LFO (total 60 tank-cars)
- 2 tracks for heavy oil products HFO (total 62 tank-cars)
- One of the track is universal: can load both HFO and LFO
- Two four-track railway trestles provide a possibility to discharge or load 124 tankcars simultaneously.



Storage tank farm

- Total 328 tanks
- \sim 450 cub. m thousand total volume (Subaciaus FS \sim 340 cub. m thousand)

Biological Waste Water Treatment Facilities

■ Waste water collected and treated annually up to 400 cub. m thousand (160 m³/h)



2 Jetties

- Depth: 14 m
- Length: 270 each
- Harbour entrance depth: 14.5 m
- Tanker batch: up to 100,000 t with 12.5 m depth



Road tanker loading

- A service to import gasoline and diesel by tankers for the Lithuanian market needs
- 4 loading points at the same time

Activities and services



EXPORT



Delivery by rail-cars



■Temporary storage



Tankers loading

IMPORT

- Reverse process to the export
- Loading possibility to railway-cars or autotankers



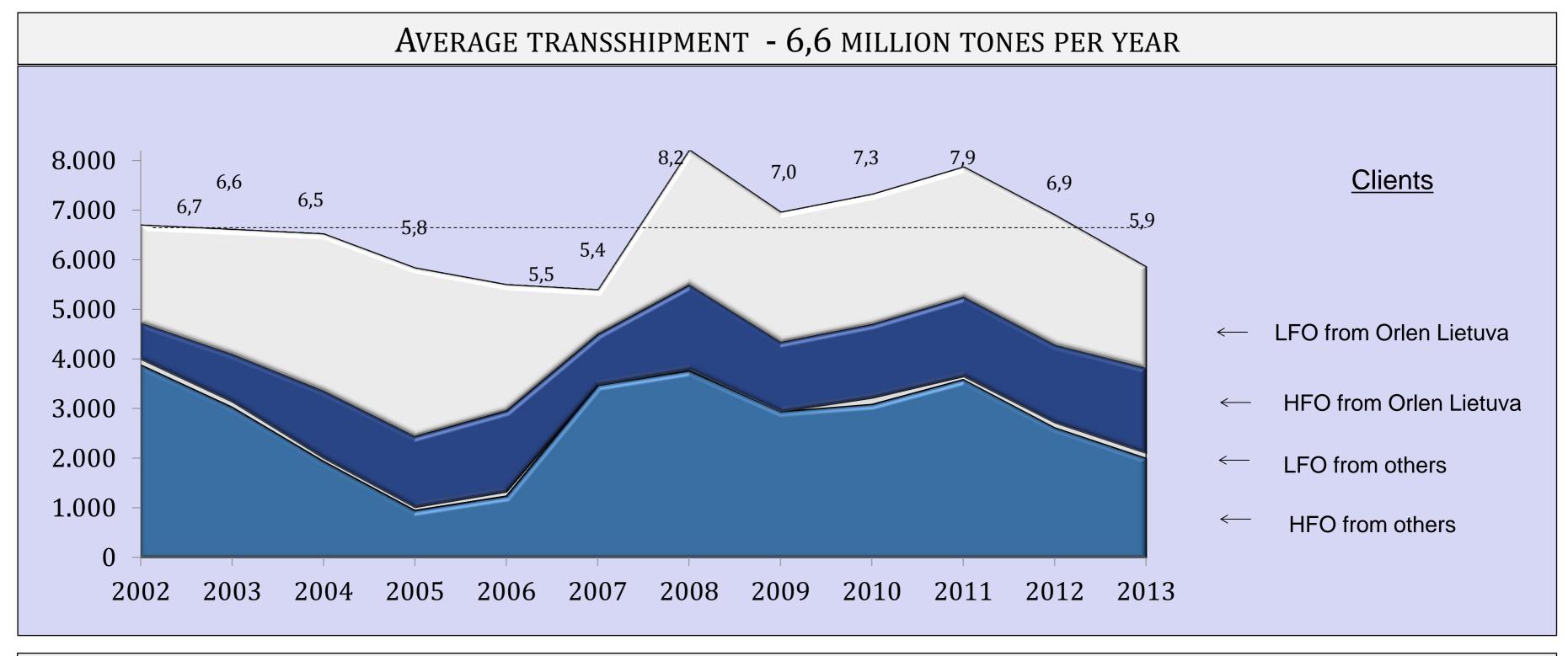


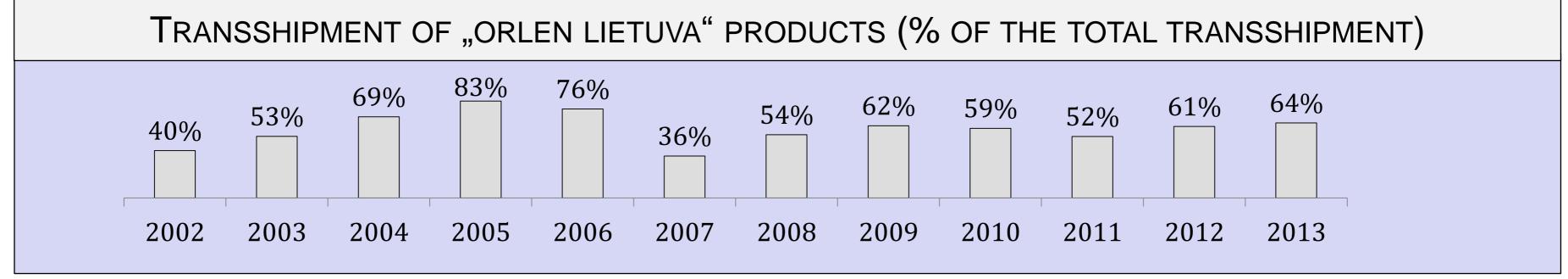
OTHER

- Collecting waste (oily water) from vessels
- Tankers mooring
- Long term rent of storage tankers (Subaciaus Fuel Storage SFS)

Klaipėdos nafta Transshipment of oil products during 2001 – 2013 (million tones)



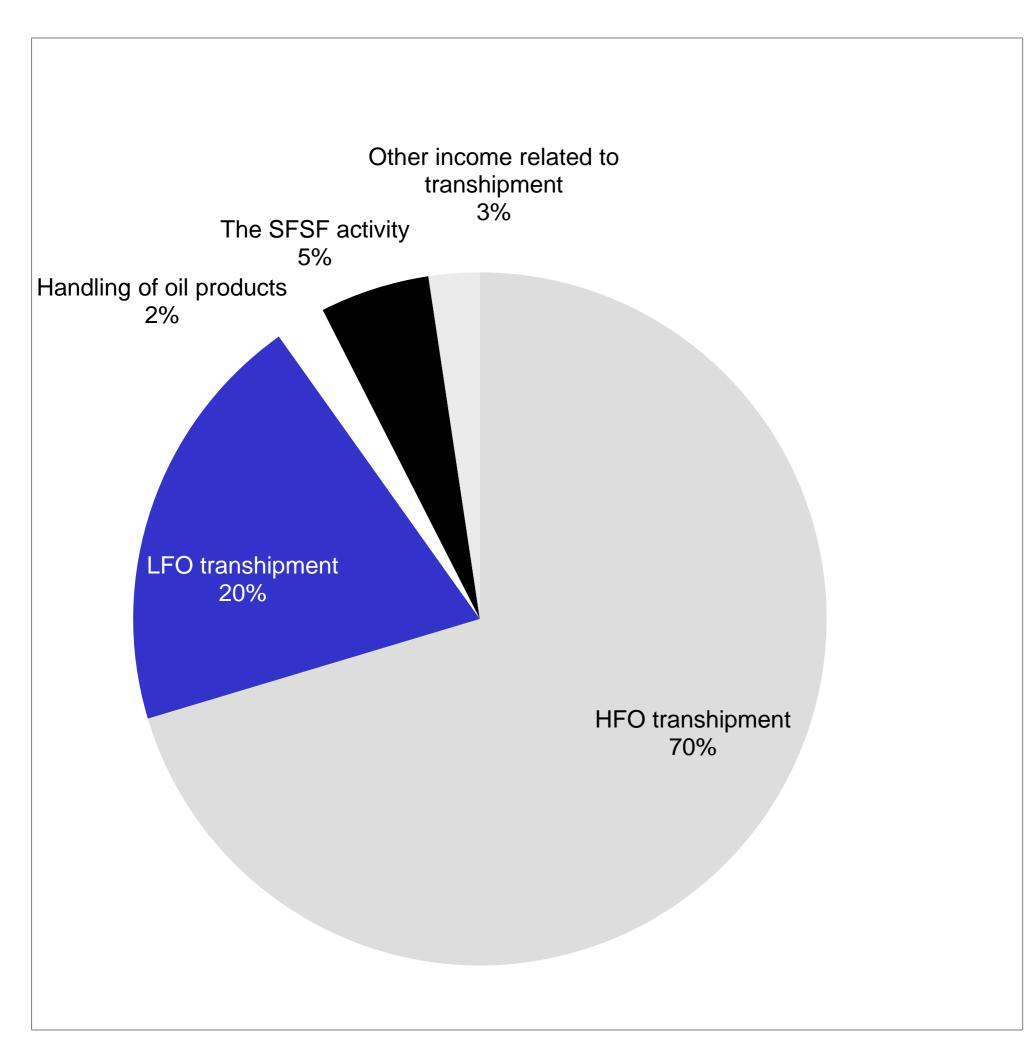




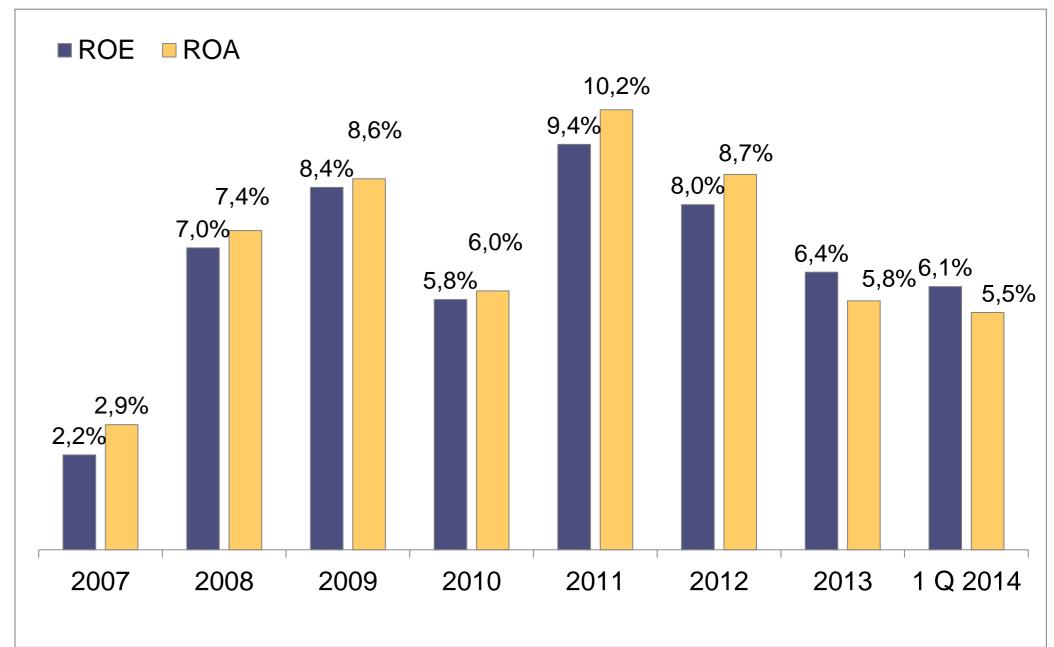
Results of financial activities: Sales revenue and Profitability



Structure of sales revenue 2013



Profitability (2007 - 1 Q 2014)



Main operating figures of the 1st quarter of 2014



| | Q1 2014 | Q1 2013 | Change (%) |
|---|---------|---------|---------------|
| Transhipment of oil products (net, thousand tons): | 1,136 | 2,136 | (46.8%) |
| HFO | 710 | 1,236 | (42.6%) |
| LFO | 426 | 900 | (52.6%) |
| Transhipment of oil products market (net, thousand tons): | 1,136 | 2,136 | (46.8%) |
| Export(Orlen Lietuva, AB) | 697 | 1.379 | (49.5%) |
| Transit (oil refineries of Russia and Belarus) | 417 | 741 | (43.7%) |
| Other | 22 | 16 | 37.5% |
| Investments (PP&E acquisitions) (LTL thousand) | 32,004 | 5,669 | 464.5% |
| Oil terminal | 2,940 | 4,431 | (33.7%) |
| Liquefied natural gas terminal | 29,064 | 1,238 | 2248.3% |
| Number of employees | 384 | 361 | 6.4% |
| Oil terminal | 312 | 310 | 0.6% |
| Liquefied natural gas terminal | 42 | 21 | 100.0% |
| Subaciaus fuel storage | 30 | 30 | - |

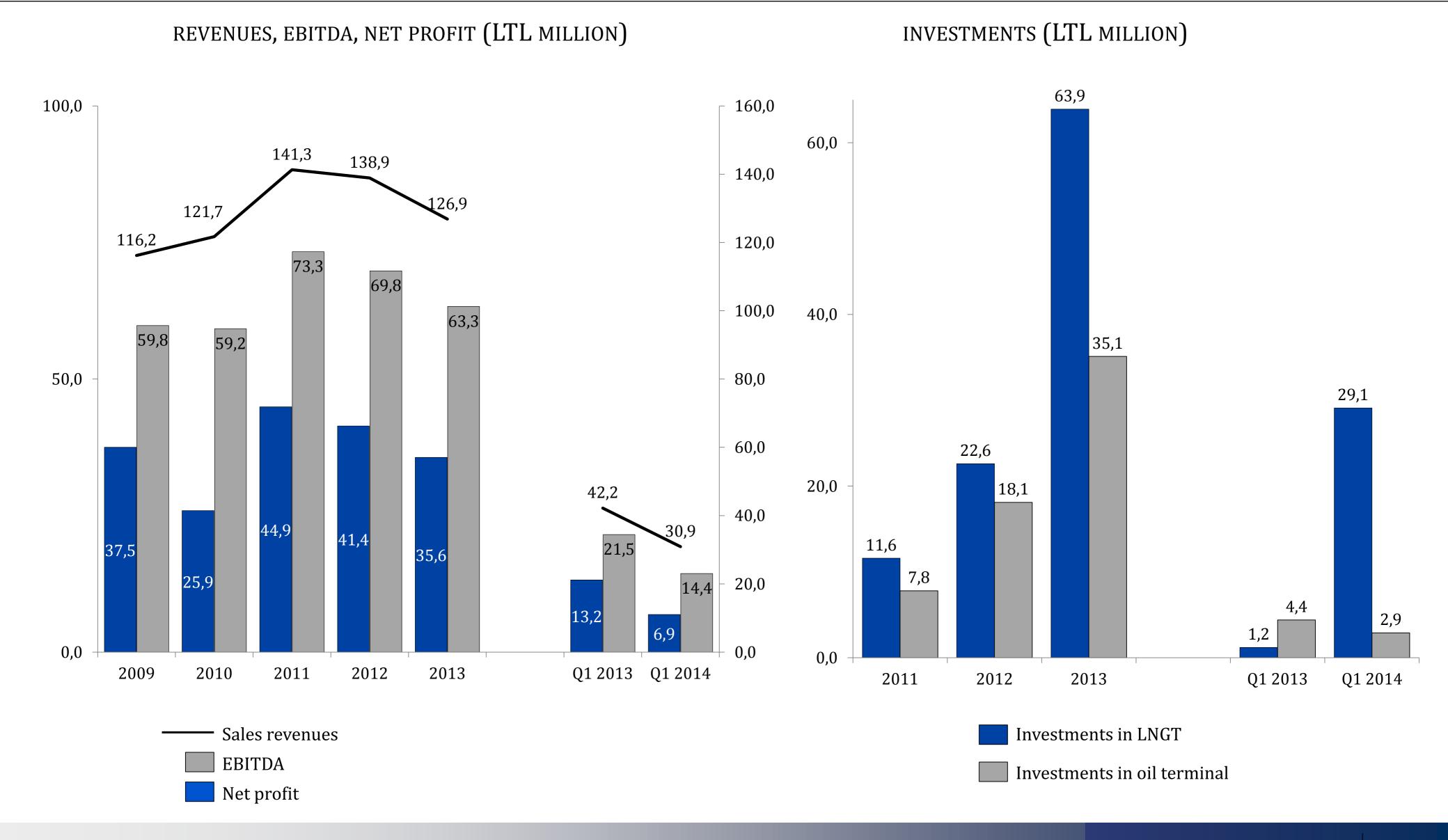
Comments:

The transhipment activity in the 1st quarter of 2014 was lower comparing to the same period of 2013:

- Orlen Lietuva, AB reduced the refinery because of unfavorable global oil refining margins and correspondingly the export through the terminal of the Company;
- The transit oil products from Russian and Belorussian refineries has reduced in 2014 comparing to 2013 because of increased competition of the Russian ports.
- The transhipment volume in the 1st quarter of 2013 was the largest (record) in the history of the Company.

Main results of financial activities





The main areas of investments:



- To increase the oil terminal's flexibility in accepting different types of oil products;
- To ensure the compliance with environmental and fire safety requirements;
- The implementation of the LNGT Project.

Major Oil terminal investments

- Reconstruction of the storage tank park of HFO tanks park: demolition of the four old storage tanks each 5 000 m3 and construction of the two new universal storage tanks each 32,250 m³.
- In 2013 Vapour recuperation unit was installed and launched.;
- In 2013 was completed the modernization of the top unloading system of the rail piers enabling more efficient unloading from the rail cars;
- Modernization works of the fire safety system;
- Repair of biosorbents in biological water treatment facilities;
- Renovation of separation of steam boilers of heat production unit and other important investment.

LNG project investments

Since the beginning of the project until 31-12-2013 the total amount of investments comprise LTL 123 million:

- LTL 34 million payments to leading LNG terminal consultant FLUOR;
- LTL 50 million comprise construction of gas pipeline and metering station;
- LTL 16 million comprise construction of the jetty;
- LTL 23 million comprise other project implementation expenses.

For financing of the LNGT project in 2013 the Company concluded the Financing Agreement for EUR 87 million loan with the European Investment Bank (EIB). Up to 50% of project costs are financed under this contract. Also negotiation is in progress with Nord Investment Bank for the additional project financing. More about the project please find in the following slides.

Subacius fuel storage investments

In 2012 the Company has added Subacius fuel storage base as a part of its activity. This object allowed Company to diversify its activity with the long term oil products storage. The 10 year service contract with the Lithuanian state company guarantees the long term income.

In 2014 the major investments are oriented:

- Water treatment system modernization;
- Upgrade fire safety equipment and tools.

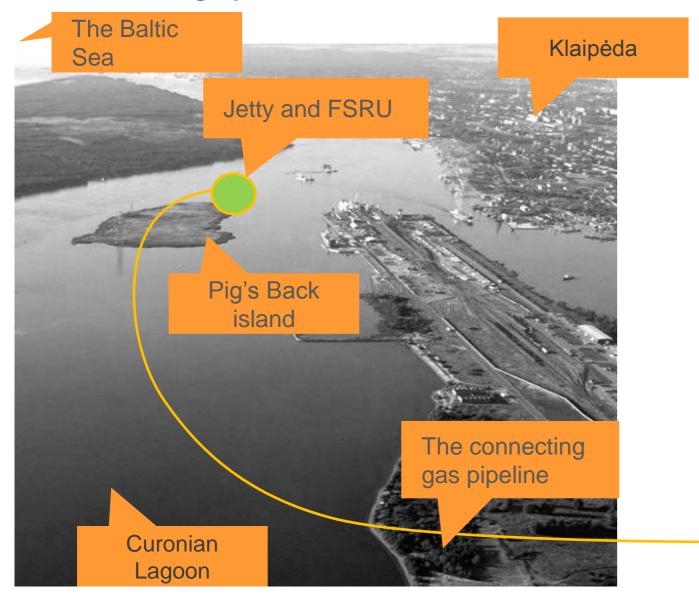
LNGT project:

Technology and geographical location



- The basic function of the LNG terminal receive and temporally store LNG, to gasify and deliver it to the transmission system.
- When choosing a terminal technology, two opportunities were evaluated: FSRU technology and onshore terminal. Executing the LNG
 project, FSRU technology was selected for the following reasons:
- a) 50 per cent lower capital investments;
- 2 year shorter period for project implementation;
- o more flexible technology (FSRU can be moved to another location or used as LNG carrier).
- In 2010 by decision of interdepartmental work groups, the most appropriate underlying location of the LNG terminal was chosen the southern part of Klaipeda seaport Pigs Back's island.

Geographical location



Onshore terminal



- Comparably expensive (LTL 900-2.600 million);
- Long construction period (5-7 years);
- Too few possible geographical locations because of specialties of Lithuanian shore.
- Higher impact on the environment.

FSRU



- Lower costs (avg. LTL 520-790 million);
- Faster manufacturing period (1-3 years);
- Flexible and easily expanded capacity;
- More geographical places available;
- FSRU might be used as LNG carrier.

The LNG terminal in Lithuania



Impact



Third party access will spur competition

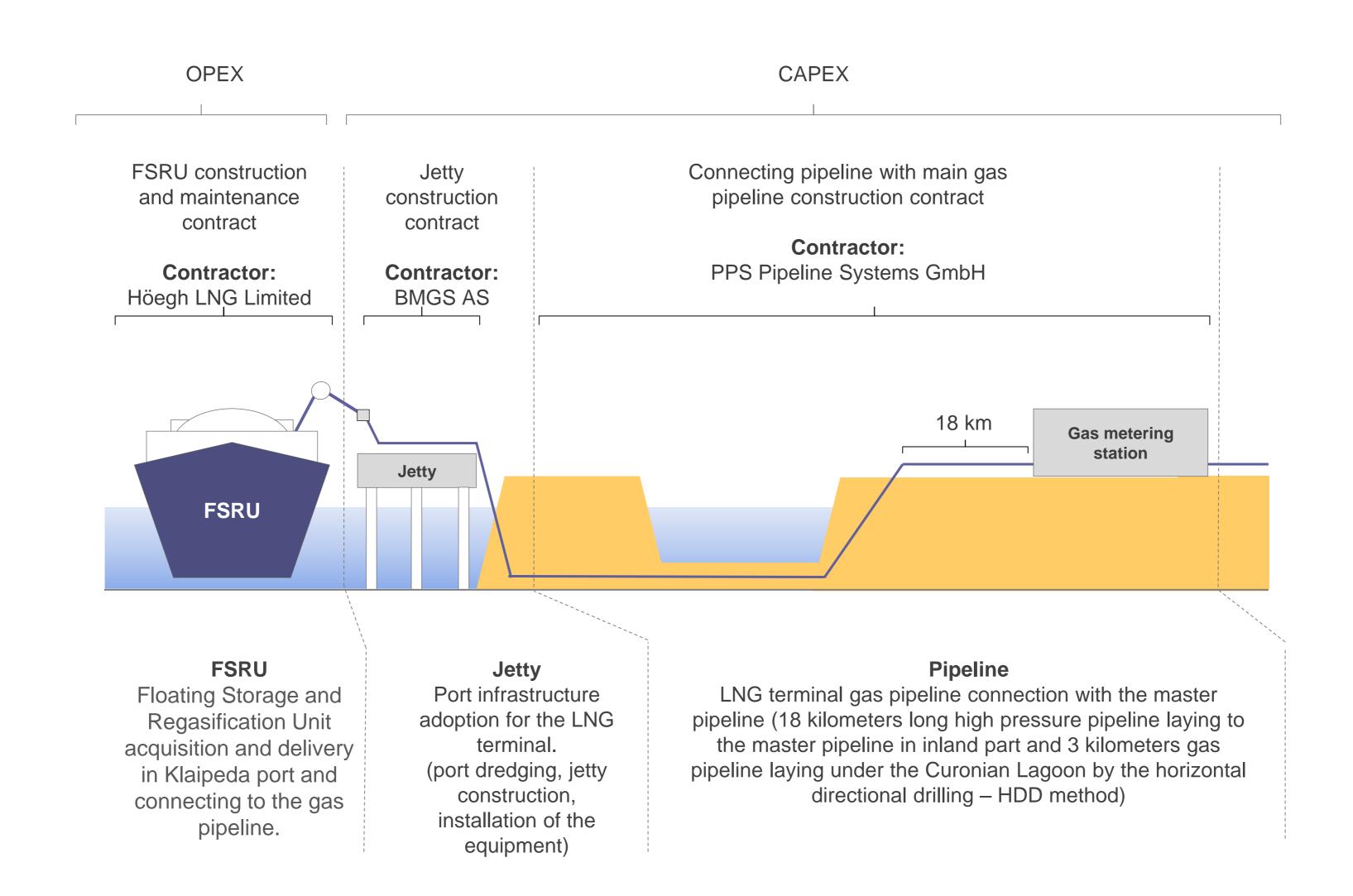
The terminal will help to diversify energy sources

Ensures security of energy supply

Import prices will reflect the global market price level

Optimal infrastructure decisions





Šaltinis: Projekto techninė dokumentacija

FSRU leasing contract

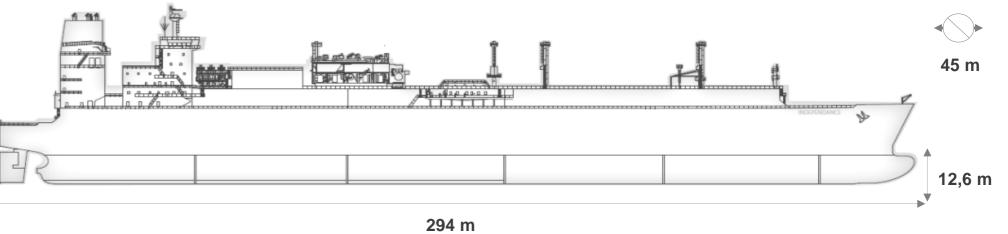


- · Höegh LNG Limited who won the public tender builds one the most modern FSRU in the World "Independence".
- The agreement "turn key", i.e., Höegh is obliged to build, test FSRU as LNG carrier, deliver it to Klaipeda and test FSRU as a terminal + 10 years activity service.



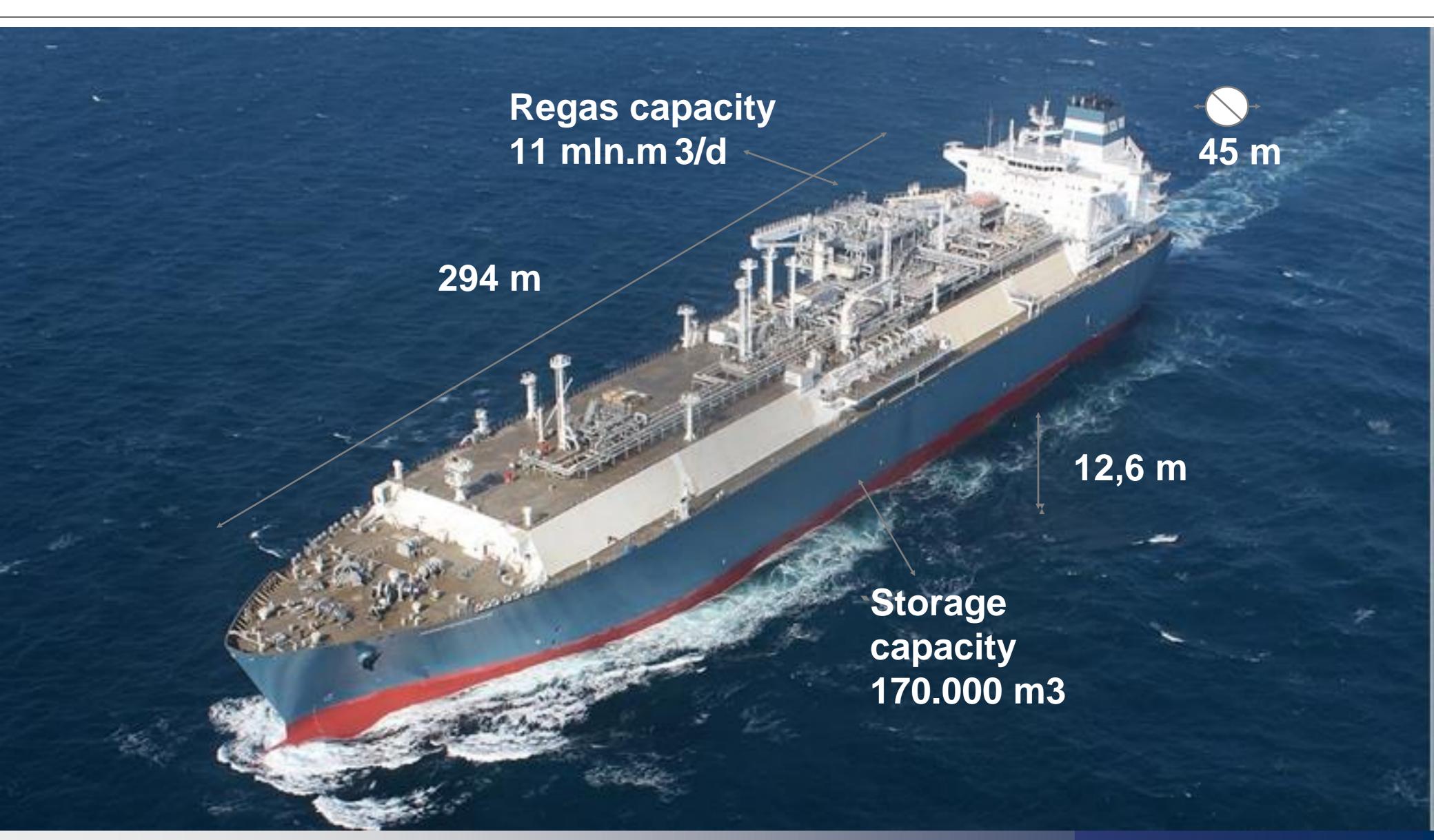
Technical specifications:

| Location | South of the Klaipeda State port | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Supplier | Höegh LNG | |
| Storage capacity | 170 000 m ³ | |
| Annual capacity | Up to 4 billions gas in regasified form | |



FSRU leasing contract





Jetty construction: pictures from the construction site



Piles digging



Piles concreting



Jetty platforms concreting



Jetty platforms concreting



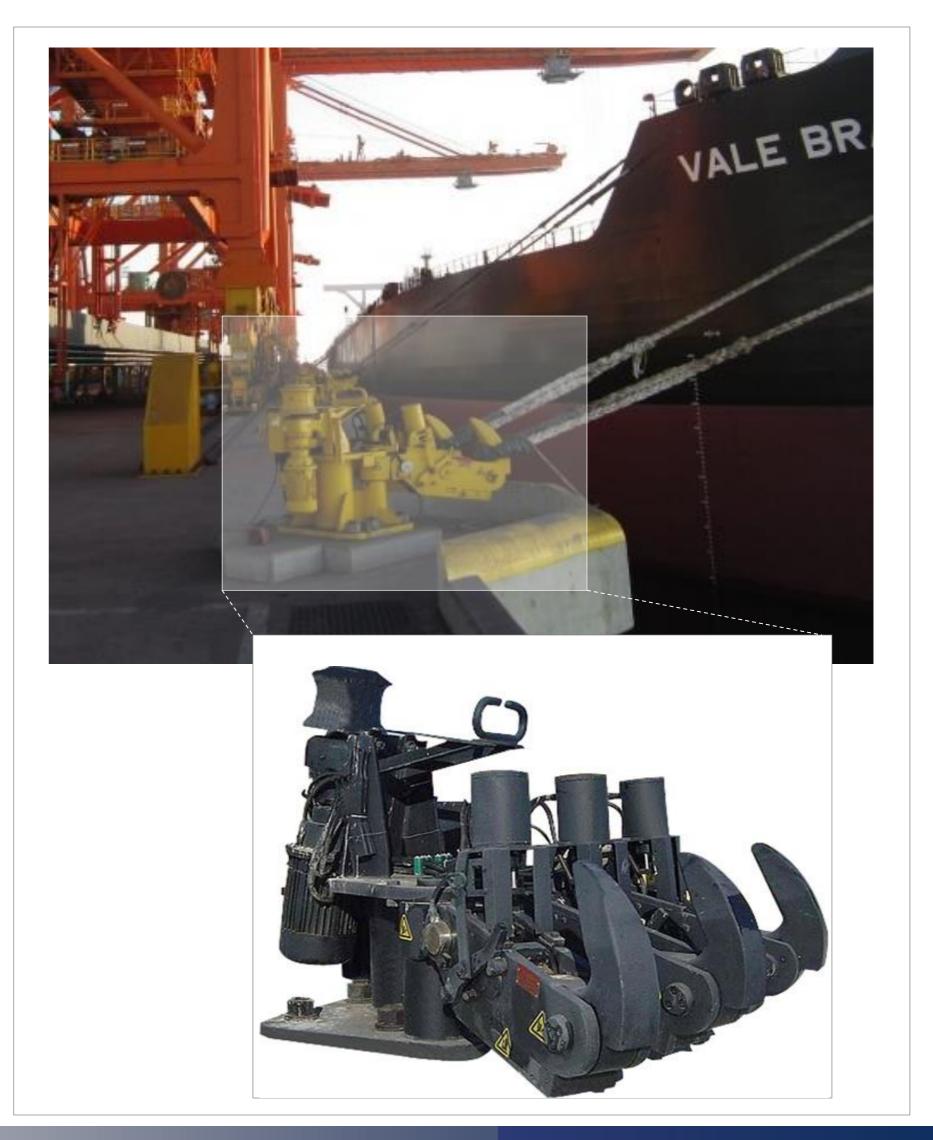
Jetty investments: main equipment



High pressure arm



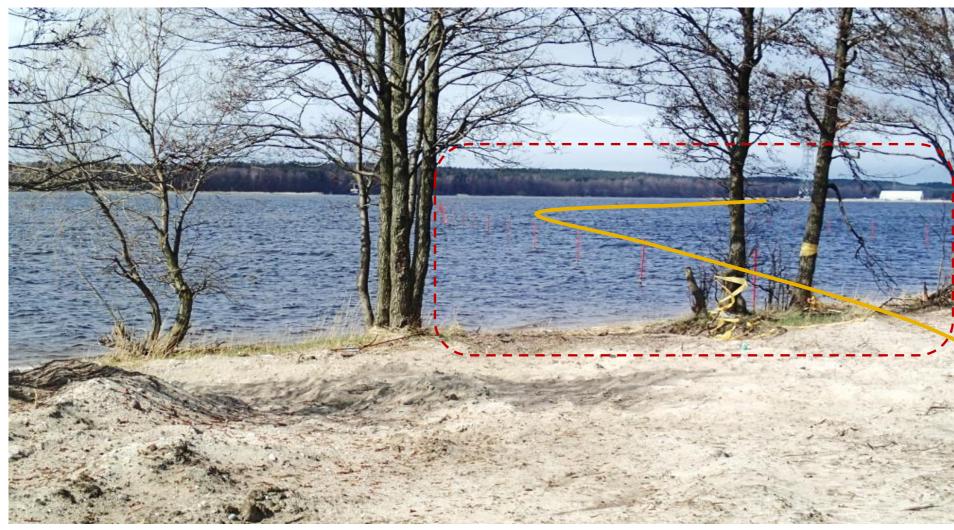
Connection hooks



Gas pipeline construction: pictures from the construction sites



HD drilling pathway



Gas metering station construction



Gas pipeline trace



Gas pipeline trace



LNGT project: Financing needs and sources



AB "Klaipėdos nafta" (KN)

LNG terminal infrastructure

Financing and guarantees

~LTL 600M

\$50M

FSRU leasing guarantee

LTL 450M

- ✓ Project organization
- ✓ Terminal connection with the pipeline
- ✓ Equipment construction on the jetty✓ Working capital

Financing and guarantees sources

\$50MCommercial bank guarantee

LTL 280M Loan from EIB (20 yrs)

LTL 120M Loan from NIB (20 yrs)

LTL 50M
Own cash/tarrif

Pledges/guara ntees for the banks

Pledge of the receivable trade debts (from 2015 years)

State guarantee

2015 year preliminary P&L of LNGT

| 2015 F |
|----------|
| 60 297 |
| 69.387 |
| (60.204) |
| 4.930 |
| |
| 15.688 |
| |

LNG terminal revenues structure



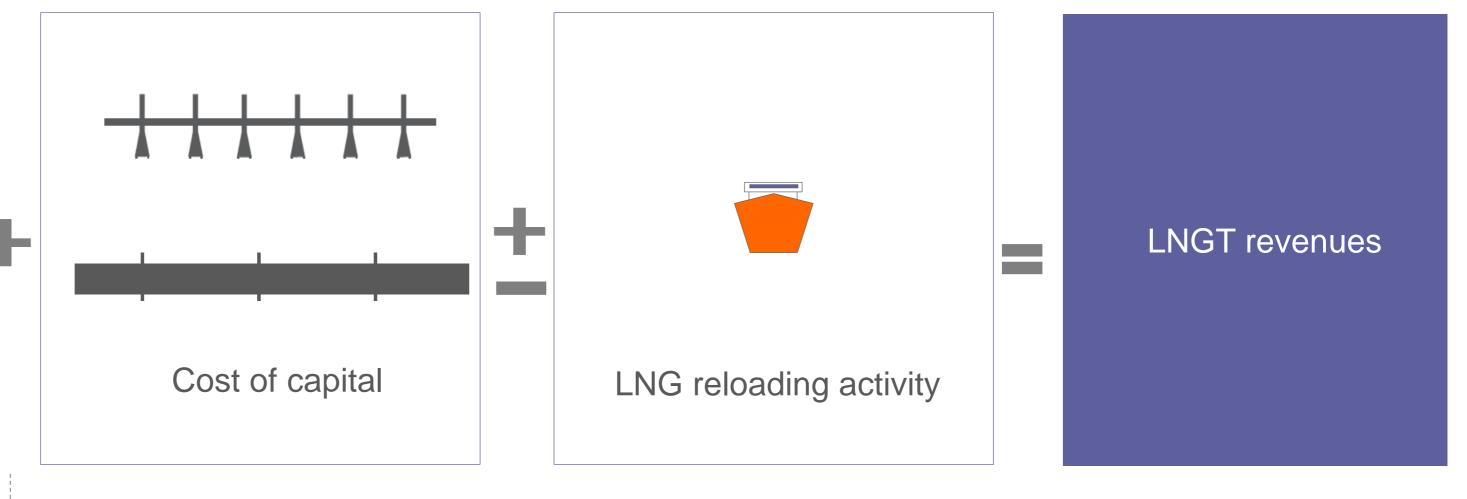
Income from the security supplement

The fixed costs of the LNG terminal are covered through Security supplement to the gas transmission tariff.



LNG terminal exploitation and infrastructure depreciation costs

- Depreciation (amortization) costs,
- Repair, technical maintenance and exploitation expenses,
- Staff expenses,
- Taxes expenses,
- Administrative costs,
- Marketing and sales costs,
- Other fixed costs,
- LNG terminal costs under long term contracts



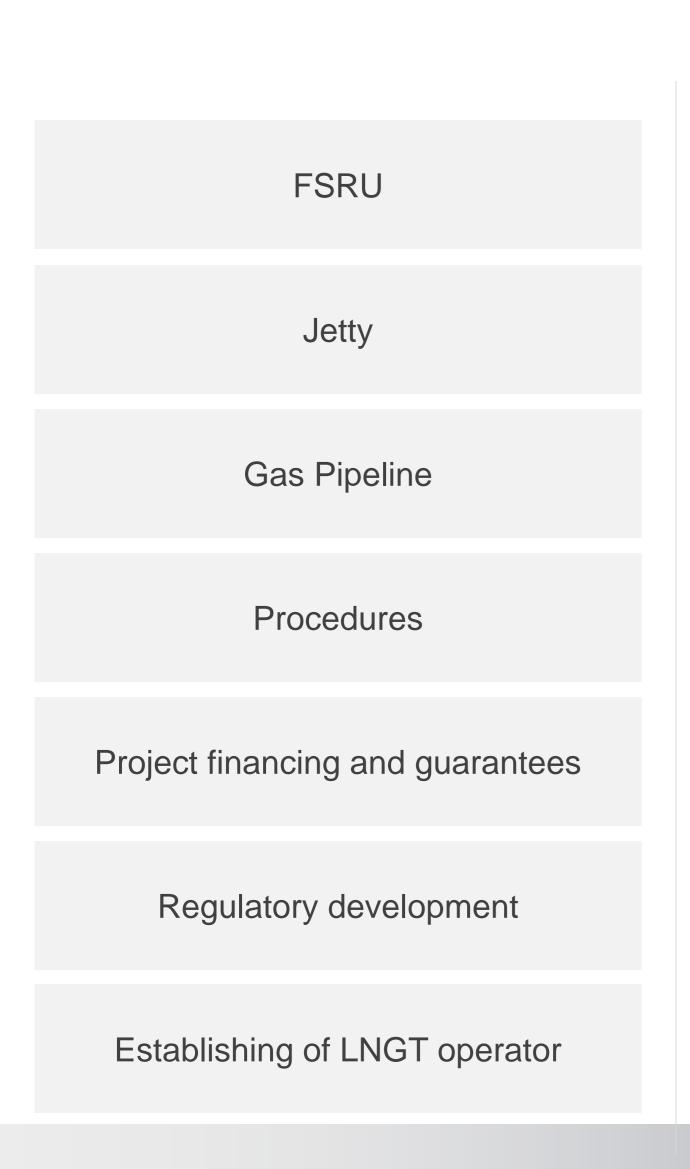
- Regulated asset base (infrastructure)
- * WACC (7,09%)

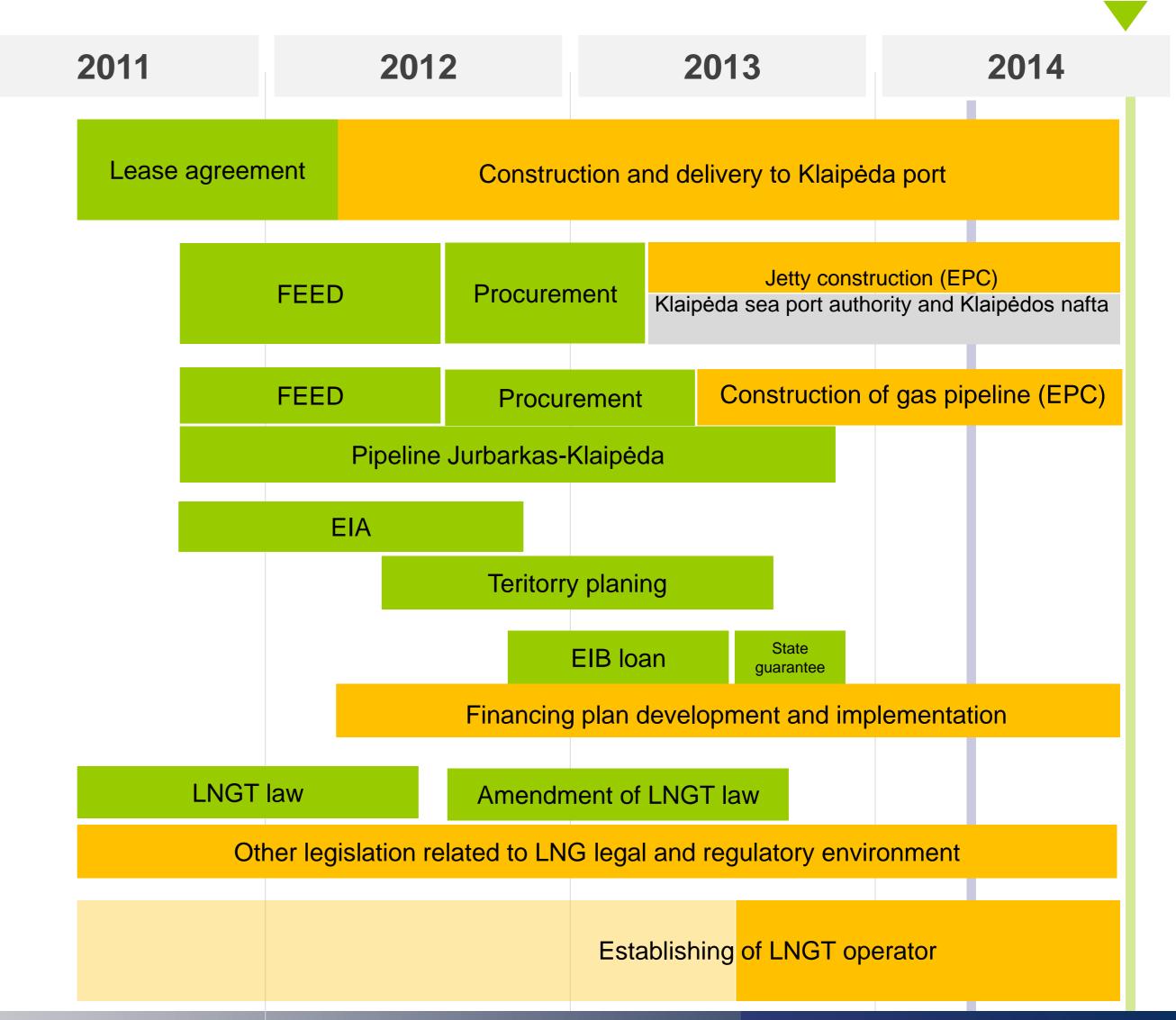
- Tariff is set for the period of 5 years
- Received income reduces LNGT supplement of the following period
- Security supplement is set by the National commission for energy control and prices (NCECP) for the following year according to the forecast of the LNGT exploitation costs;
- Security supplement is collected as the addition to the regasification tariff;
- For the year 2014 NCECP plans to compensate LTL 11,7 million through the LNGT supplement.

LNGT Project schedule



Start of LNGT exploitation







Thank you for your attention

Mr. Mantas Bartuška Director for finance and administration

SC Klaipėdos nafta

Burių str. 19

LT-91003 Klaipeda

Tel. (8 46) 391772,

m.bartuska@oil.lt

www.oil.lt

www.sgd.lt