# AKCINĖ BENDROVĖ "LIETUVOS JŪRŲ LAIVININKYSTĖ"



### PUBLIC COMPANY "LITHUANIAN SHIPPING COMPANY"

To: Lithuanian Securities commission			
Konstitucijos pr.23,	2008-1	11- $2G$ Nr.	101) - 5 - 435
LT-08105 Vilnius,	- Author	Klaipėd	la
Lithuania			
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CONFIRMATION BY THE RESPONSIBLE PERSONS OF PUBLIC COMPANY "LITHUANIAN SHIPPING COMPANY"

With reference to the Law on Securities of the Republic of Lithuania ,Article 22 ,and the Rules of the Securities Commission of the Republic of Lithuania on preparation and submission of the periodical and further information , we, Vytautas Petras Vismantas , General Director and Arvydas Stropus , Chief Accountant of the Public Company "Lithuanian Shipping Company" hereby confirm that to the extent of our knowledge the enclosed financial statement of the Public Company "Lithuanian Shipping Company" of the 30 September 2008, made in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, corresponds to the facts and properly demonstrates the assets, liabilities, financial state, profit or loss of Public Company "Lithuanian Shipping Company".

Attach:

Financial statement of Public Company "Lithuanian Shipping Company" 30 September 2008.

Public Company "Lithuanian Shipping Company" General Director

Vytautas Petras Vismantas

Public Company "Lithuanian Shipping Company"

Chief Accountant

Arvydas Stropus

# "LITHUANIAN SHIPPING COMPANY" (PUBLIC COMPANY)

FINANCIAL STATEMENT OF THE 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

#### **General Information**

AB "Lietuvos jūrų laivininkystė" (LJL) is a joint-stock company established after reorganizing AB "Lietuvos jūrų laivininkystė" (LISCO) by way of division. LJL was registered in the Registry of Legal Entities, certificate No. 027245. LJL registration date is 27 June 2001, its company code is 110865039. The address of LJL is Malunininku str. 3, Klaipeda. Main activities of the Company are cargo carrying by sea transport and lease of ships.

The Company's management bodies are general meeting of shareholders, supervisory board, board of directors and head of management.

On 30 September 2008 the Company had 475 employees, of which 56 in coast divisions and 419 on board.

On 30 September 2008 the Company's shareholders were:

	2008-09-30	
	Number of	Ownership
	shares	percent
State Property Fund		
(VĮ Valstybės turto		
fondas)	16.669.791	8,3%
Ministry of Transport and		
Communication	113.833.000	56,66%
"Hansabank clients"	16.289.741	8,1
DFDS TOR LINE A/S	11.108.420	5,5%
Other small shareholders	43.000.344	21,44%

#### II. Accounting Policy

Main principles of accounting, which are the basis of preparation of these financial statements, are set out below. These principles were applied consistently in all presented periods, unless stated otherwise.

In the process of preparing financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, the Company's management have to make estimates and assumptions, which have an effect on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities as well as on required disclosures

on the reporting date and on amounts of income and expenses recognised during the reporting period. These estimates may vary from the actual results.

#### (a) Basis of Preparation

The Company's financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the accrual and going concern principles. Following the accrual principle, transactions and other events are recognised and recorded in the accounts when they occur, and are presented in the financial statements of such periods.

The financial statements are prepared assuming that AB "Lietuvos jūrų laivininkystė" (LJL) does not have any intentions or requirements to be liquidated or reduce significantly the scope of its operations.

During the reporting period the Company has started to apply all new and revised Standards and Interpretations approved by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), which are relevant to the Company's operations and become effective from the reporting periods beginning on 1 January 2007.

Amendments to IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" and IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" related to "Financial Guarantee Contracts" have to be applied in the reporting periods of the Company starting on or after 1 January 2007. The purpose of these amendments is to ensure that the issuers of financial guarantee contracts account for liabilities related to such contracts in their balance sheets. As the Company does not have any transactions of such nature, the application of this Standard did not have any significant effect on the Company's financial statements.

Amendment to IAS 19 related to "Actuarial Gains or Losses, Group's Plans and Disclosures". This amendment is not relevant to the Company;

Amendment to IAS 39 related to "Fair Value Option". This amendment is not relevant to the Company;

Amendment to IAS 21 related to "Net Investment in a Foreign Operation". This amendment is not relevant to the Company;

Amendment to IAS 39 related to "Cash Flow Hedges of Forecast Intragroup Transactions". This amendment is not relevant to the Company;

IFRS 6 "Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources". This Standard is not relevant to the Company;

IFRIC 4 "Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease". The Company reviewed its agreements and determined they are not affected by this Interpretation;

IFRIC 5 "Rights to Interests Arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds". This Interpretation is not relevant to the Company;

IFRIC 6 "Liabilities Arising from Participating in a Specific Market – Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment". This Interpretation is not relevant to the Company;

Amendment to IFRS "First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards" and IFRS 6 "Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources". This amendment is not relevant to the Company;

IFRIC 7 "Applying the Restatement Approach under IAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies". The management believe this Interpretation is not relevant to the Company;

IFRIC 8 "Scope of IFRS 2". The management believe this Interpretation is not relevant to the Company;

IFRIC 9 "Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives". The management believe this Interpretation is not relevant to the Company;

IFRIC 11 "IFRS 2: Group and Treasury Share Transactions". The management believe this Interpretation is not relevant to the Company;

IFRIC 12 "Service Concession Arrangements". The management believe this Interpretation is not relevant to the Company.

#### (b) Non-current Assets

In the financial statements all economic resources controlled by the Company are recognised as assets if the Company can reasonably expect to obtain future economic benefits from using the resources and they have a value which can be measured reliably.

Non-current assets presented in the financial statements are stated at the acquisition or production cost of the assets less their accumulated depreciation and impairment value. In accordance with the procedure for non-currents assets accounting approved on 18 July 2001 by the board of directors, LJL recognises assets as non-current tangible assets if their acquisition value is at least LTL 1000 and they are going to be used for more than one year. Residual value of non-current assets is LTL 1, except for "Akvile", "Asta", "Audre" and "Daina" ships (residual value 9-9,5% of acquisition value), "Alka", "Deltuva" (Clipper Eagle) and "Clipper Falcone", "Venta" ships (10% of acquisition value), "Romuva" (2%), "Voruta", "Svilas" and "Staris" (9,5%) and administrative building (6,3%).

Depreciation is calculated from the first day of the next month having started using a non-current tangible asset; it is discontinued from the first day of the next month after its write-off, sale or when all value of a non-current asset in use (less the residual value) is transferred into the cost of goods or services. The assets are depreciated on the basis of the straight-line method.

The management determines the useful life of an asset at the moment of acquisition, later it is reviewed every year. Useful life of assets is determined on the basis of past experience related to similar items as well as expected future events, which may affect the useful life.

If repairs of a non-current tangible asset do not upgrade its useful features (nor will these repairs lead to future income), the value of such works is recognised as expenses of the reporting period when they are carried out.

The carrying amounts of the Company's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there are indications of impairment. If such indications are noticed, the recoverable amounts of such assets are determined. A recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's expected net realisable value and its value in use. An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset is higher than its recoverable amount. All losses related to impairment are presented in the income statement.

In accordance with the requirements of classification companies the ships are repaired periodically: every five years the class of ship is confirmed after repairs (SS); three years after SS repairs dock repair works are carried out. LJL writes off repair expenses related to class-certification within 3 years, dock repairs – within 2 years.

Non-current intangible assets are amortised within the period of 3 years.

#### (c) Inventories

Inventories are accounted for at the lower of cost of purchase and expected net realisable value. In order to determine the cost of inventories sold FIFO method is applied. Net realisable value is estimated as expected selling price less expenses related to the sale.

When inventories are purchased from third parties, their cost of purchase is their purchase price combined with all purchase-related taxes (custom duties, etc.), transportation, preparation for use and other costs directly attributable to the purchase of the inventories, less received discounts and rebates. Insignificant (or stable for several reporting periods) amounts of inventories transportation and preparation for use costs are written off to operating expenses rather than included into the cost of purchase.

#### (d) Amounts Receivable

On recognition amounts receivable are measured at their fair value. Thereinafter, current amounts receivable are measured taking into account their impairment, non-current amounts receivable are measured at a discounted value less any impairment loss in value.

#### (e) Cash And Cash Equivalents

Cash comprises cash in hand and in bank accounts. Cash equivalents are liquid investments readily convertible into a known cash amount. The term of these investments is up to three months and they are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

In the cash flow statement cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, cash at current accounts, other short-term liquid investments.

#### (f) Liabilities

Borrowing expenses are written off when they are incurred. At the initial recognition, liabilities are stated at the fair value of received funds less the cost of transaction. Thereinafter, they are accounted for at amortised cost, and the difference between the funds received and amount payable within the period of loan is included into the profit or loss for the period. Liabilities are recognised as non-current if a financing agreement made by the date of the financial statements' approval confirms that they are long-term in substance.

#### (g) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when and only when the Company has a legal obligation or irrevocable commitment as a result of past events; and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle it; and the amount of obligation can be measured reliably. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the most accurate current estimates. When the time effect on the value of money is significant, the amount of provision is equal to the present value of outflows, which are expected to be required for the settlement of obligation. When discounting is used, an increase in provision reflecting the past period is recorded as interest expenses.

#### (h) Income Tax

Computation of corporate income tax is based on a yearly profit and is made in accordance with the requirements of the tax laws of the Republic of Lithuania. Deferred income tax is calculated on the basis of temporary differences in the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and their tax bases. An amount of deferred income tax depends on expected useful lives of assets and future repayments of liabilities and expected tax rates of the corresponding periods. A standard rate of corporate income tax for Lithuanian entities is 15%, however, in 2007 the Company chose to pay a tonnage tax and computes corporate income tax on the basis of ships' payload capacity. Deferred income tax and assets are no longer computed.

In accordance with the amendment of 3 May 2007 of the Law on Corporate Income Tax of the Republic of Lithuania, AB "Lietuvos Juru Laivininkyste" chose to calculate a fixed rate corporate income tax for the tax period beginning with 2007 and subsequent tax periods. The base of the fixed rate corporate income tax is calculated for each 100 payload capacity units (CU) of a seagoing vessel by applying a fixed daily amount and multiplying the resulting amount by the number of days in a tax period of a shipping entity.

#### (I) Revaluation of Currency

In the accounting records transactions in foreign currencies are stated in the national currency, litas (LTL), in accordance with the official exchange rate of litas and foreign currency announced by the Bank of Lithuania at the transaction date, except for accumulated income and expenses, which are stated based on the official exchange rate of litas and foreign currency announced by the Bank of Lithuania on the last day of the reporting period.

In the balance sheet currency entries are stated in accordance with the official exchange rate of litas and foreign currency announced by the Bank of Lithuania at the date of the financial statements. The Company's owned cash in foreign currencies as well as all amounts receivable and payable in foreign currencies are considered to be currency entries.

Changes in currency entries, which occurred due to changes in the exchange rate of litas and foreign currency announced by the Bank of Lithuania and arose when performing currency transactions or revaluating currency entries registered earlier, are recognised as income or expenses from financial activities of the related reporting period.

#### (j) Income Recognition

The moment of rendering services is recognised as the moment of earning income. Service provision is completed when the buyer pays for services at once or takes on an obligation to pay for them later without any significant additional conditions (when both parties sign a corresponding document: invoice, delivery note, etc.). Cash received as prepayment is recorded in accounts as an increase in the Company's liabilities to clients. In this case, income is recognised when the services are rendered.

#### (k) Expenses Recognition

The cost of rendered services is always connected with the services rendered during the reporting period. It comprises a portion of costs incurred during the reporting period in order to render the services sold. When it is impossible to relate directly the costs of the reporting period with earning some specific income and they are not going to earn income in the coming periods, such costs are recognised as expenses of the period when they are incurred.

#### (1) Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

When they prepare the financial statements, the management have to make certain assumptions and estimates, which influence the presented amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and disclosures of contingencies. Significant accounts of these financial statements, which are influenced by estimates, include depreciation, impairment and provisions. Future events may influence the assumptions used to make estimates. The results of such changes in estimates will be presented in the financial statements when they are uncovered.

#### (m) Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. They are disclosed in the financial statements, except for the cases when it is hardly probable that the outflow of economic resources will be required.

#### (n) Managing Financial Risks

The Company's transactions are made on international markets in euros and US dollars, therefore, the risk related to fluctuations and changes in foreign currency exchange rates is unavoidable. Credit risk or risk related to the failure of partners to fulfil their obligations is controlled through applying credit terms and control of procedures. The Company does not face a significant credit risk related to any of its partners or partner groups. The Company avoids liquidity risk by keeping a sufficient flow of cash and cash equivalents or receiving financing in a credit form, by planning its cash flows in advance. The Company does not use any financial instruments to mitigate its financial risks.

#### (o) Events After the Balance Sheet Date

Events after the balance sheet date, which provide additional information about the Company's position at the balance sheet date (events leading to adjustment), are reflected in the financial statements. Post balance sheet events not leading to adjustment are disclosed in the notes if they are significant.

#### III. Explanatory Notes to Accounts

#### 1. Non-current Intangible Assets

Indicators	Computer software
Acquisition cost	
31 December 2005	288,2
Acquisitions	11,2
Write-offs	
Transfers to other accounts	
31 December 2006	299,4
Acquisitions	3,3
Write-offs	1,5
31 December 2007	301,2
Acquisitions	59,6
Write-offs	
30 September 2008	360,8
Accumulated amortisation	
31 December 2005	275,1
Calculated during the period	13,5
Write-offs	
Transfers to other accounts	
31 December 2006	288,6
Calculated during the period	6,8
Write-offs	1,5
Transfers to other accounts	
31 December 2007	293,9
Calculated during the period	3,5
30 September 2008	297,4
Carrying amount	
31 December 2005	13,1
31 December 2006	10,8
31 December 2007	7,3
30 September 2008	63,4

Intangible assets of 2008 year have increased after purchase of MS Windows and Office licenses in September

#### 2. Non-current Tangible Assets, in thousand LTL

Indicators	Buildings and construction	Machinery	Ships	Other vehicles	Repairs	Other tangible assets	Total
Acquisition cost							
31 December 2005	3.737,4	4.631,6	346.32750	726,4	9.402,4	579,2	365.404,5
Acquisitions		1.461,0	43.348,0		1.766,0	36,0	46.611,0
Write-offs		681,0	9.981,0		5.733,0	138,0	16.533,0
Transfers to other							
accounts							
<b>31 December 2006</b>	3.737,4	5.411,6	379.694,5	726,0	5.435,4	477,2	395.482,5
Acquisitions		1.860,7	66.609,4	75,4	2.310,2	175,7	71.032,9
Write-offs		-1.827,4	-26.549,8		4.236,9	-92,3	-32.706,4
Transfers to other							
accounts							
31 December 2007	3.737,4	5.444,9	419.754,1	801,8	3.510,2	560,6	433.809,0
Acquisitions		1.342,1	77.222,2		3.502,5	51,1	82.117,9
Write-offs	64,9	486,6	10.970,5		1.476,3	55,4	13.321,7
30 September 2008	3.672,5	6.302,4	486.005,8	801,8	5.266,4	556,3	502.605,2
Revaluation							
/impairment			24.004.0				·
31 December 2005			-36.886,0				
Revalued (+), impaired (-)							
Depreciated during the							
period 31 December 2006			26.006.0				
			-36.886,0				
Revalued (+), impaired (-) Depreciated during the							
period							
31 December 2007			26 996 n				
30 September 2008			-36.886,0 -36.886,0				
Accumulated			-30.000,0				
depreciation							
31 December 2005	233,0	2.773,0	84.554,0	184,0		348,5	88.092,5
Calculated during the	255,0	2.775,0	04.554,0	104,0		340,3	00.092,5
period	57,0	526,0	24.395,0	158,0		52,0	25.188,0
Write-offs	57,0	430,0	6.183,0	150,0		102,0	6.715,0
Transfers to other		,0	0.105,0			102,0	0.715,0
accounts							
31 December 2006	290,0	2.869,0	102.766,0	342,0		298,5	106.565,5
Calculated during the	,	,-	, -	,-		5,0	_00.00,0
period	57,1	786,7	26.522,2	158,9		60,2	27.585,1
Write-offs	•	-1.216,4	-20.601,4	- ,-		-51,9	-21.869,7
Transfers to other		•	,			<b>y</b> -	,-
		-1.210,4	-20.001,4			-51,9	-21.869,7

347,1	2.439,3	108.686,8	501,1		306,8	112.280,9
			ŕ		,	
39,5	584,6	20.147,2	124,8		46,2	20.942,3
43,8	364,8	9.840,1	ŕ		,	10.273,5
342,8	2.659,1	118.993,8	625,9		327,7	122.949,3
		·	ŕ		,	
3.504,4	1.858,6	224.887,5	542,4	9.402,4	230,7	240.426,0
3.447,4	2.542,6	240.042,5	384,4	5.435,4	178,7	252.031,0
3.390,3	3.005,6	274.181,3	300,9	3.510,2	253,8	284.642,1
3.329,7	3.643,3	330.126,0	175,9	5.266,4	228,6	,
	39,5 43,8 342,8 3.504,4 3.447,4 3.390,3	39,5 584,6 43,8 364,8 342,8 2.659,1 3.504,4 1.858,6 3.447,4 2.542,6 3.390,3 3.005,6	39,5 584,6 20.147,2 43,8 364,8 9.840,1 342,8 2.659,1 118.993,8 3.504,4 1.858,6 224.887,5 3.447,4 2.542,6 240.042,5 3.390,3 3.005,6 274.181,3	39,5 584,6 20.147,2 124,8 43,8 364,8 9.840,1 342,8 2.659,1 118.993,8 625,9 3.504,4 1.858,6 224.887,5 542,4 3.447,4 2.542,6 240.042,5 384,4 3.390,3 3.005,6 274.181,3 300,9	39,5 584,6 20.147,2 124,8 43,8 364,8 9.840,1 342,8 2.659,1 118.993,8 625,9 3.504,4 1.858,6 224.887,5 542,4 9.402,4 3.447,4 2.542,6 240.042,5 384,4 5.435,4 3.390,3 3.005,6 274.181,3 300,9 3.510,2	39,5 584,6 20.147,2 124,8 46,2 43,8 364,8 9.840,1 25,3 342,8 2.659,1 118.993,8 625,9 327,7  3.504,4 1.858,6 224.887,5 542,4 9.402,4 230,7 3.447,4 2.542,6 240.042,5 384,4 5.435,4 178,7 3.390,3 3.005,6 274.181,3 300,9 3.510,2 253,8

#### **Ships**

At the end of the financial year the non-current tangible assets of LJL included 14 ships, and administrative building, vehicles and equipment.

Within the reporting period of 2008 year the vessels – Kapitonas Stulpinas and Kapitonas Serafinas were sold. The m/v Venta was purchased (about 24,000 t dwd). 8 ships are mortgaged for loans received from SEB Vilniaus bankas (No 12 note)

#### 3. Ship Repairs

Ship repairs recognised as assets – LTL 5266,4 thousand of which planned write-offs to expenses in:

2008 m.	-	LTL 512,9 thousand
2009 m.	-	LTL 3391,5 thousand
2010 m.	-	LTL 1.226,3 thousand
2011 m.	-	LJL 135,7 thousand

#### 4. Inventories and Prepayments

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Spare parts	884,4	2.193,1
Food provision on ships	107,3	136,4
Prepayments	7.193,6	8.926,1
Total:	8.185,3	11.255,6

#### 5. Amounts Receivable

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Trade debtors	207,6	81,1
Foreign trade debtors	451,8	503,8
Amounts receivable from State budget	24,8	39,8
Prepayments to ships	180,6	164,3
Outstanding invoices	447,5	-

Other amounts receivable	157,0	172,3	
Total:	1,469,3	961.3	

In 2008-09-30 the foreign trade debtors included the amount of LTL 327,5 thousand related to the damage of cargo of the motor ship "Skalva" (at the beginning of 2006). This amount is covered by insurance, so insurance companies were examining the circumstances of the cargo damage and the amount should be repaid to the Company.

#### 6. Other Current Assets

		2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Fixed-time deposits		10.367,5	21955,0
Other current assets		262,1	-
	Total:	10.629,6	21955,0

Fixed time deposit reduced due to purchase of the m/v Venta in May 2008. The purchase was partly secured by cash payment from the LJL funds.

#### 7. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Cash in national currency	65,9	122,0
Cash in banks in foreign currencies	1.986,6	864,3
LJL's cash in hand in national currency	13,5	9,9
LJL's cash in hand in foreign currencies	14,0	38,3
Total:	2080,0	1034,6

#### 8. Capital

	Authorised capital	Share premiums	Total
31 December 2007	200901,3	-	200901,3
New emission of shares	-	-	-
Acquisition of own shares	-	-	-
30 September 2008	200901,3	-	200901,3

On 30 September 2008 the Company's authorised capital consisted of 200 901 296 ordinary registered shares. A nominal value of each share in LTL 1.

#### 9. Reserves

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Compulsory legal reserves	20090,1	10467,3
Reserve for acquisition of ships	29594,0	9599,5
Reserve for employees' bonuses	150,0	150,0
Reserve for social and cultural activities	50,9	30
Total:	49885,0	20246,9

When the reserve for employees' bonuses is used, it is cancelled by the decision of the shareholders by increasing the retained earnings. Bonuses paid to employees are included into the income statement. In 2008 the new reserves will be confirmed by the shareholder's meeting.

#### 10. Retained Earnings (Losses)

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Balance at the beginning of the year	30137,1	11314,8
From reserves	9779,5	-
Net profit (loss) for the year	29806,7	30137,1
Allocated to dividends (transferred to amounts	-499,0	-1149,5
payable)		
Allocated to other reserves	-29794,8	-9779,5
Cancelled reserves	-	180
Allocated to compulsory legal reserve	-9622,8	-565,7
Balance at 30 September 2008	18396,0	30137,2

#### 11. Financial Liabilities (to credit institutions)

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Payable after one year	82248,0	44345,9
Payable within one year	3506,6	16689,9
total	85754,5	61035,8
Balance of loans at the		
beginning of the year	61035,8	39514,2
Loans received	51775,3	48540,3
Loans repaid	-29336,1	-21732,9
Effect of exchange rates	-2279,5	-5285,8
Balance of loans at 30		
September 2008	85754,5	61035,8

All financial liabilities of LJL to banks are secured by assets. 8 ships with the carrying amount of LTL 221667,6 thousand are mortgaged. The increase in loans in 2008 was caused by the acquisition of ships "Venta" in May. The loan for the acquisition of these ships was received from AB SEB bankas. Loan repayment term is set till -2015.

#### 12. Income Tax Liabilities

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Corporate income tax payable at the	91.3	2.067,3
beginning of the year		
Calculated corporate income tax		91,3
Paid corporate income tax		-2.067,3
Corporate income tax payable at the	-	91,3

end of the year

#### 13. Liabilities Related to Employment Relations

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Provision for annual leaves (salaries)	1498,9	1377,7
Provision for annual leaves (social insurance)	464,4	426,8
Payable salaries	853,7	
Payable social insurance contributions	380,1	354,2
Amount payable to guarantee fund	1,1	2,2
Total	3198,2	2160,9

#### 14. Provisions

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Provisions for not received invoices	565.0	896,6

#### 15. Other Amounts Payable

	2008-09-30	2007-12-31
Debts to agents	-	152,6
Debts to suppliers	2062,0	1236,4
Prepayments from clients	3828,2	2519
Dividends payable	108,0	103,2
Liabilities related to freight	352,4	167,4
Accrued expenses	128,9	191,6
Other liabilities	18,0	16
Total	6497,5	4386,2

On 30 September 2008 other unpaid amounts (amounts payable to suppliers) increase has resulted from agents and suppliers invoices received for services provided (including technical supply, classification societies services, change of crews –1388,2 thousand LTL). The above invoices will be settled within next reporting period.

16. Sales

Sales revenue, LTL thousand	2008-09-30	2007-09-30	%	
Time charter income	66422,1	69208,6		96,0
Other time charter income	-	1,9		-
Freight income from short-	-	358,2		_
term agreements				
Total:	66422,1	69568,7		95,5

Time charter income decreased due to a lower number of ships, as well as due to the decrease in the exchange rate of the dollar. In 2008 all ships operated on the basis of time charter agreements.

#### 17. Financing and Investing Activities

	2008-09-30	2007-09-30	%
Received interest	657,3	404,3	162,6
Positive effect of changes in exchange rates		2905,8	-
Paid interest Negative effect of changes in	(2439,2)	(2891,0)	84,4
exchange rates	(3169,5)		
Total:	(4951,4)	419,1	-

#### 18. Profit (Earnings) per Share

Profit per share is calculated by dividing the net profit of the period belonging to the owners of the shares LTL 747828 by the number of ordinary shares at the end of the period – 200901296.

#### 19. Related Party Transactions

The Company regards the members of the board of directors, Director General, ship park management director, technical director, director of finance, chief accountant and members of their families as related parties.

#### 20. Statement of Changes in Equity

On 2008-09-30 the Company's equity was of 269182,3 thousand LTL. The company equity increased by 17897,0 thousand LTL as compared with the beginning of the reported year because of higher legal and other reserves.

#### 21. Cash Flow Statement

On 30 September 2008 cash flow decreased by 10542,2 thousand LTL because of the m/v Venta purchase in May that was partly paid from the Company own funds and partly repayment in advance the bank loans provided for vessels purchase.

General Director

Vytautas Vismantas

AB "Lietuvos jūrų laivininkystė"

(enterprise name

by General meeting of shareholders

**APPROVED** 

of .... 200..

Minutes No.....

Malūnininkų g.3, LT-92264 Klaipėda 110865039.

(enterprise identification number, address, other information)

PROFIT(LOSS) STATEMENT as of 30 September, 2008

2008.01.01 - 2008.09.30 (reporting period)

7.457.345 22,349,130 593.854 8.361.290 3.114.292 2.822.349 17.877.114 7.077.836 30 September, 2008 | 30 September, 2007 19.526.781 13.545.274 1.697.224 -2.90414.333.141 14.336.045 909.357 01 July (currency of financial statement) 23.753.393 7.569.454 8.417.530 5.275.406 174.090 21.436.480 2.316.913 7.363.122 81.733 -5.127.942 -5.526.058755.853 -11.409.853 -11.410.72901 July to -0.0568Note No |30 September, 2008|30 September, 2007 69.648.126 22.514.006 20.887.038 1.199.136 20.559.933 8.901.202 53.501.382 28.833.935 264.133 2.905.835 16.146.744 24.156.613 2.486.706 24.575.742 22.892.973 1.682,769 0,1140 66.461.898 11.918.848 23.697.154 19.019.142 876.069 55.511.213 10.950.685 33.343.567 20.710.237 235.654 -3.169.5351.781.94523.348.361 18.396.005 18.396.881 0,0916 16 18 17 17 Profit (earnings) before depreciation (EBITDA) Profit (earnings) before interest (EBIT) Other administrative and selling expenses Effect of changes in exchange rates (profit) Items Profit (earnings) per share, LTL Ship maintenance expenses Depreciation of other assets Profit from sales of ships Ship repair expenses Personnel expenses Total expenses Depreciation of ships SALES REVENUE Net interest expenses Profit before tax NET PROFIT EXPENSES Icome tax II.3. 11.2. 11.4. II.1. ġ IV.2 IV.1 V:2 V.1 ΛĮ.  $\equiv$ 

General Director

Vytautas Vismantas

0,0714

#### AB "Lietuvos jūrų laivininkystė"

(enterprise name)

110865039, Malūnininkų g.3, LT-92264 Klaipėda

(enterprise identification number, address, other information)

#### BALANCE SHEET as of 30 September 2008

(date of formation of financial statements)

2008.01.01 - 2008.09.30

(reporting date)

#### **APPROVED**

by General meeting of shareholders
Minutes No
of 200

#### LTL

	(currency of financial statement)			
	ASSETS	Note,	30 September	31 December
<u> </u>	NON GURDENT ASSE	No	2008	2007
<u>A.</u>	NON-CURRENT ASSETS		342.833.332	284.649.428
I.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	1.	63.449	7.321
	Development work	iii		
	Goodwill	1 1		i
	Licenses and patents			
I.4.	Computer software	1.	63.449	7.321
	Other intangible assets			
II.	TANGIBLE ASSETS	2.	342.769.883	284.642.107
	Land	] ]		
	Buildings and constructions		3.329.652	3.390.316
	Machinery Vehicles and other transferred	1	3.643.346	3.005.585
	Vehicles and other transport means		175.870	300.703
	Ships Repairs		330.126.025	274.181.522
	Other tangible assets	3.	5.266.381	3.510.224
	FINANCIAL ASSETS		228.609	253.757
	Investments in subsidiaries and associates			
	Loans to subsidaries and associates	1 1		
	Amounts receivable after one year	]		
III.3.	Other financial assets	1 1		
	ASSETS OF DEFERRED INCOME TAX			
	CURRENT ASSETS			0
	INVENTORIES PREPAYMENTS and	<del></del>	22.364.203	35.206.567
	CONTRACTS IN PROGRESS	4.	8.185.326	11.255.591
	Inventories	<del></del>		
	Raw materials and components		991.745	2.329.470
1.1.2.	Work in progress		991.745	2.329.470
	Finished goods	1		
	Goods for resale			
	Prepayments Prepayments			
	Contracts in progress		7.193.581	8.926.121
	AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE WITHIN ONE YEAR		1.460.040	
	Trade amounts receivable	5.	1.469.312	961.320
	Receivable from subsidaries and associates	1 1	1.223.867	591.313
	Other amounts receivable		245 445	
	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	6.	245.445	370.007
	Current investments	0.	10.629.605	21.955.027
	Fime deposits		10 267 500	0
1	Other current assets		10.367.500	21.955.027
	CASH and CASH EQUIVALENTS	7.	262.105	4.02.1.11
			2.079.960	1.034.629
-	TOTAL ASSETS:		365.197.535	319.855.995

September 2008	31 December 2007
269.182.296	251.285.249
200.901.296	200.901.296
200.901.296	200.901.296
49.884.995	20.246.868
20.090.130	10.467.329
20 -01 01-	
29.794.865	9.779.539
18.396.005	30.137.085
18.396.005	30.137.085
	<del></del>
96.015.239	68.570.746
82.247.960	44.345.861
[	
82.247.960	44.345.861
82.247.960	44.345.861
ł	
Ī	
ĺ	0
13.767.279	24.224.885
3.506.584	16.689.873
3.506.584	16.689.873
2.062.042	1.388.989
3.828.162	2.518.960
	91.309
3.198.190	2.160.948
565.000	896.573
607.301	478.233
	319.855.995
36	

#### AB "Lietuvos jūrų laivininkystė"

(enterprise name)

## 110865039, Malūnininkų g.3, LT-92264 Klaipėda (enterprise identification number, address, other information )

#### CASH FLOW STATEMENT as of 30 September, 2008

#### **APPROVED**

2008. 01.01 - 2008.09.30 (reporting period) by General meeting of shareholders Minutes No.....

of .... 200...

LTL

(currency of financial statement)

			(currency or ninar	iciai statoment)
No.	Items	Note No	30 September, 2008	30 September, 2007
1.	Cash flows from operating activities	<del> </del>		
1.1.	Net profit (loss)		18.396.005	22.892.973
1.2.	Depreciation and amortisation expenses		20.945.892	20.824.066
1.3.	Decrease (increase) in amounts receivable after one year			
1.4.	Decrease (increase) in inventories		1.337.725	-84.021
1.5.	Decrease (increase) in advance payments received		1.732.540	-3.665.535
I.6.	Decrease (increase) in contracts in progress			
I.7.	Decrease (increase) in trade receivables		-632.554	-682.908
1.8.	Decrease (increase) in amounts receivable from subsideries and associates			
1.9.	Decrease (increase) in other amounts receivable	1	124.562	-74.163
1.10.	Decrease (increase) in other current assets		-262.105	-144.000
I.11.	Increase (decrease) in non-current payables to suppliers and advance payments received			
1.12.	Increase (decrease) in payables to suppliers and advance payments received		1.982.255	3.119.649
I.13.	Increase (decrease) in payable profit tax		0	-1.982.849
I.14.	Increase (decrease) in liabilities to employees		1.037.242	367.057
I.15.	Increase (decrease) in provision		-331.573	2.143.065
I.16.	Increase (decrease) in other amounts payable and liabilities		37.761	372.161
I.17.	Elimination of results of financing and investing activities		-494.117	1.120.046
	Net cash flows from opetating activities		43.873.633	44.205.541
II.	Cash flows from investing activities			
П.1.	Acquisition of non-current assets (excluding investment)		-78.675.044	-68.504.617
II.2.	Transfer of non-current assets (excluding investment)		-454.751	6.048.878
11.3.	Acquisition of long-term investments			
II.4.	Transfer of long-term investments		1	
II.5.	Loans granted			
11.6.	Loans recovered			
11.7.	Dividends and interest received			
11.8.	Other increase in cash flows from investing activities			
II.9.	Other decrease in cash flows from investing activities	]		
	Net cash flows from investing activities	1	-79.129.795	-62.455.739
III.	Cash flows from finansing activities			
Ш.1.	Cash flows related to the owners of enterprise:		494.117	-1.120.046
Ш.1.1.	Issue of shares			
III.1.2.	Owner's contributions to cover losses			
111.1.3.	Purchase of own shares		1	
III.1.4.	Dividends paid		494.117	-1.120.046

No.	Items	Note No	30 September, 2008	30 September, 2007
III.2.	Cash flows related to other financing sources		24.718.809	27.209.936
III.2.1.	Increase in financial debts		51.775.300	
III.2.1.1	Loans received		51.775.300	48.540.300
III.2.1.2	Issue of bonds			
III.2.2.	Decrease in financial debts		-27.056.491	-21.330.364
III.2.2.1	Loans received		-29.336.054	-17.526.449
111.2.2.2	Issue of bonds		2.279.563	-3.803.915
111.2.2.3	Interest paid			
III.2.2.4	Payments of lease (financial lease) liabilities			
III.2.3.	Increase in other enterprise liabilities			
III.2.4.	Decrease in other enterprise liabilitiesas			
III.3.	Other increase in cash flows from financial activities			1.756.360
III.4.	Other decrease in cash flows from financial activities		-3.668.495	
	Net cash flows from financing activities		21.544.431	27.846.250
IV.	Cash flows from extraordinary items		0	0
IV.1.	Increase in cash flows from extraordinary items			
IV.2.	Decrease in cash flows from extraordinary items			
V.	The effects of changes in foreign exchange rates		2.1.0.72	
	on the balance of cash and cash equivalents		3.169.535	-2.905.835
VI.	Net increase (decrease) in cash flows		-10.542.196	6.690.217
VII.	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	ļ	22.989.656	7711
VIII.	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period		12.447.460	20.304.474

General Director

Vytautas Vismantas

# AB"LIETUVOS JŪRŲ LAIVININKYSTE"

(enterprise name)

110865039, Malūnininkų 3 LT-92264,

Klaipėda

(enterprise indentification number, address, ather information)

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS OF 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

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2008.01.01 -2008.09.30

reporting date)

222,297,639 22,892,973 -1,149,475 251,285,249 244,041,137 18,396,005 -498,958 269,182,296 Total -10,345,277 180,000 11,314,752 22,892,973 -1,149,475 30,137,085 22,892,973 18,396,005 -498,958 8,616,466 -39,417,666 earnings Retained losses) 180,000 9,779,539 -180,000 9,779,539 9,779,539 29,794,865 39,574,404 Acquisition reserves Other Reserves provided by the of own shares 565,738 10,467,329 10,467,329 9,901,591 9,622,801 20,090,130 Legai law 200,901,296 Share capital 200,901,296 200,901,296 200,901,296 Balance as of September Balance as of September Balance as of December Blance as of December Net profit (loss) of the Net profit (loss) of the accounting period accounting period Formed reserves Formed reserves Jsed reserves Dividends Dividends 30, 2007 31, 2006 31, 2007 30, 2008

General Director

Vytautas Vismantas