# AB "ŽEMAITIJOS PIENAS"

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2008

### **Balance sheets**

		Group		
	Notes	As of 30	As of 31	
V	<u>s</u>	eptember 2008 D	ecember 2007	
ASSETS				
Non-current assets				
Intangible assets		240	571	
Property, plant and equipment		80.001	50.751	
Investment property		4.482	4.857	
Available for sale investments		0	14	
Investments into subsidiaries		=	<b>=</b> x	
Non-current receivables		2.990	2.191	
Deferred income tax asset		746	653	
Total non-current assets		88.459	59.037	
O				
Current assets	32			
Inventories	4	60.545	46.289	
Prepayments		2.154	1.342	
Trade receivables		31.966	26.882	
Receivables from subsidiaries		144	-	
Receivables from other related parties		4.712	12.563	
Other receivables		5.219	6.717	
Cash and cash equivalents	53	7.122	13.053	
Total current assets	_	111.718	106.846	
Total assets	_	200.177	165.883	

## Balance sheets (cont'd)

	Nata-		oup
	Notes	As of 30 September 2008	As of 31 December 2007
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	9.=		
Equity attributable to equity holders of the par	ent		
Share capital		48,375	48.375
Legal reserve		4.838	4.838
Retained earnings		34.606	42.942
<b>.</b>	15-	87.819	
Minority interest		2:645	1.037
Total shareholders' equity	ā-	90,464	97.192
7	3. <del></del>		
Non-current liabilities			
Grants received		4.406	2.999
Long-term loans from related parties		43.122	20.631
Financial lease obligations		16.968	5.553
Other current liabilities	-	9 <del>-</del>	-
Total non-current liabilities	×-	64.496	29.183
Current liabilities		12_110 (10)	
Current portion of non-current loans		799	
Current portion of non-current financial lease oblig	jations	1.162	NAME OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS
Trade payables		29.487	21.703
Payables to subsidiaries			
Payables to other related parties		4.465	
Income tax payable		150	
Other current liabilities	0.	9.154	
Total current liabilities	-	45.217	39.508
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	_	200.177	165.883

Robertas Pažemeckas	K/02-	28 November 2008
Dalia Gecienė	Km-	28 November2008
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### **income statements**

		Gro	up	Group		
	_	As of 30 September 2008	As of 30 September 2007	01 July 2008 - 30 September 2008	01 July 2007 - 30 September 2007	
Sales	3	361.492	342.457	126.586	139.546	
Cost of sales		(311.135)	(262.886)	(104.796)	(98.462)	
Gross profit	-	50.357	79.571	21.790	41.084	
Operating expenses		(62.537)	(60.070)	(20.641)	(26.649)	
Other operating income, net		5.338	5.451	1.851	2.087	
Profit from operations		(6.842)	24.952	3.000	16,521	
Financial and investment activities		(1.494)	(1.568)	(1.117)	(521)	
Profit before income tax	-	(8.336)	23.384	1.883	16.000	
Income tax			(4.722)		(3.543)	
Net profit		(8.336)	18.662	1.883	12.457	

Acting General Director	Robertas Pažemeckas	R102-	28 November 2008
		/ /	
Chief Accountant	Dalia Gecienė	Kmm -	28 November 2008

## Statements of changes in equity

Group	Attributable to shareholders of the Company					
-	Share capital	Legal reserve	Retained earnings	Total	Minority interest	Total
Balance as of 31 December 2006	48.375	4.838	19.400	72.613	1.037	73.650
Dividends declared	-0	-	(968)	(968)	-	(968)
Net profit for six months Balance as of 30	-	=	18.662	18.662	н.	18.662
September 2007	48.375	4.838	37.094	90.307	1.037	91.344
Balance as of 31 December						
2007	48.375	4.838	42.942	96.155	1.037	97.192
Net profit for the six months Balance as of 30	-1	-	(8.336)	(8.336)	1.608	(6.728)
September 2008	48.375	4.838	34.606	87.819	2.645	90.464

Acting General Director	Robertas Pažemeckas	RVOJ.	28 November 2008
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Chief Accountant	Dalia Gecienė	Kim	28 November 2008
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## Cash flow statements

_	Grou As of 30 September 2008	As of 30 September 2007
Cash flows from (to) operating activities		
Net profit	-8.336	18.662
Adjustments for non-cash items:		
Depreciation and amortization	11.936	12.570
Amortization of grants received	-841	
(Profit) loss from disposal and write-offs of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets Result from financial and investment activities	1.778	798
Allowance for receivables		
Income tax expenses		
Other non-cash (income) expenses		
-	4.537	32,102
Changes in working capital:		
Decrease in inventories	-14.256	-55
(Increase of) Receivables	7.385	5.303
Decrease in prepayments and other current assets	796	202
Increase in trade payables, payables to related parties and payables to subsidiaries Income tax (paid)	-5.084	-1.411
Increase (decrease) in other current liabilities	9.822	-1.177
Net cash flows from operating activities	3.200	34.964
Cash flows from (to) investing activities	01200	041001
(Acquisition) of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	-40.481	-11.382
Disposal of property, plant and equipment	306	371
Proceeds from sales of investments		
Repayment of loans granted	3.116	3.029
Loans (granted)	-2.042	-3.307
Interest received	188	127_
Net cash flows (to) investing activities	-38.913	-11.162
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## Cash flow statements (cont'd)

	Group		
	As of 30 September 2008	As of 30 September 2007	
Cash flows from (to) financing activities			
Dividends (paid)  Cash, (transferred) during reorganization	-20	-968	
Loans received	22.457	-	
(Repayment) of loans	-1.357	-26.458	
Financial lease (payments)	9.552	2.507	
Sponsorship Received	1.407	3.198	
Other revenue from financial activities	-305	185	
Interest (paid)	-1.952	-1.808	
Net cash flows (to) financial activities	29.782	-23.344	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-5.931	458	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	13.053	14.534	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7.122	14.992	

Acting General Director	Robertas Pažemeckas	R802-	28 November 2008
Chief Accountant	Dalia Gecienė	Kam-	28 November 2008
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#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1.General information

The Company produces dairy products and sells them in the Lithuanian and foreign markets. The Company has a number of wholesale departments with storage facilities and transport means in major Lithuanian towns. The Company's shares are traded on the Current List of the Vilniaus Stock Exchange.

As of 30 September 2008 and 2007 the share capital of the Company was LTL 48.375 thousand, which consisted of 4.837.500 ordinary shares with a normal value of LTL 10 each. All the shares of the Company are issued, subscribed and fully paid. Subsidiaries did not hold any shares of the Company as of 31 December 2007 and 30 September 2008, the Company also had no its own shares.

As of 30 September 2008 the Group consisted of AB Žemaitijos pienas and the following subsidiaries (hereinafter referred to as "the Group")

Company	Registration address	Ownership of the Group	Percentage in consolida- tion	Cost of	Profit (loss) for the year	Total equity holding	Main activities
UAB Žemaiti- jos pieno žaliava	Sedos Str. 35, Telšiai, Lithuania	100,00%	100%	1.000	(9)	718	Milk collection services
ŽŪK Tarpu-čių pienas	Klaipėdos Str. 3, Šilutė, Lithuania	10,08%	100%	50	24	482	Milk collection services
ŽŪK So- džiaus pienas	Šilalės Str. 35, Laukuva, Lithuania	15,09%	100%	105	(1)	1.305	Milk collection services
ABF "Šilutės Rambynas"	Klaipėdos g. 3, Šilutė, Lietuva	87,82%	87,82%	10.878	185	12.381	Cheese production

According to the Law of Agricultural Cooperatives the ownership of cooperatives should be determined according to the percentages of sales to a certain company, therefore since ŽÜK Tarpučių Pienas and ŽÜK Sodžiaus pienas are performing nearly 100% of their sales to the Company they are considered subsidiaries. ABF "Šilutės Rambynas is considered a subsidiary because AB Žemaitijos Pienas controls its activities and controls more than 50% of its shares. UAB Žemaitijos pieno žaliava had no active operations in the year ended 31 December 2007 and in the nine months ended 30 September 2008.

As of 30 September 2008, the number of employees of the Group was 2022 (as of 30 September 2007 – 1942). The number of employees increased because of the merge with ABF "Šilutės Rambynas".

#### 2. Accounting principles

The principal accounting policies adopted in preparing the Group's financial statements for the nine months ended 30 September 2008 are as follows:

#### 2.1. Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union.

#### 2.2. Measurement and presentation currency

The amounts shown in these financial statements are measured in the local currency of the Republic of Lithuania, litas (LTL). Lithuanian litas is pegged to euro at the rate of 3.4528 litas for 1 euro, and the exchange rates in relation to other currencies are set daily by the Bank of Lithuania.

#### 2.3. Principles of consolidation

The consolidates financial statements of the Group include AB Žemaitijos pienas and the companies under its control. This control is normally evidenced when the Group owns, either directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the voting rights of a company's share capital and/or is able to govern the financial and operating policies of an enterprise so as to benefit from its activities.

A part of equity and net profit, attributable to minority shareholders, are separated from the equity and net profit, attributable to the shareholders of the Company in the consolidated balance sheets under equity caption and consolidated income statements respectively.

The purchase method of accounting is used for acquired businesses.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date such control ceases.

Intercompany balances and transactions, including unrealized profits and losses, are eliminated on consolidation.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared by using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances.

#### 2.4. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are measured initially at cost. Intangible assets are recognized if it is probable that future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of asset can be measured reliably. The Company and the Group do not have any intangible assets with indefinite useful life, therefore after initial recognition intangible recognition intangible assets are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the best estimate of their useful lives. Amortisation expenses of intangible assets are included into operating expenses.

#### 2.5. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, excluding the costs of day-to-day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Such cost includes the cost of replacing part of such property, plant and equipment when that cost is incurred if the asset recognition criteria are met.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Buildings 20 - 40 years
Machinery and equipment 5 years
Vehicles and other equipment 4 - 10 years

The assets residual values, useful lives and methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognized.

#### 2.6. Investment property

Investment property of the Group consist of investments in land and buildings that are held to earn rentals, rather than for own use in the ordinary course of business. Investment property is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loses.

Depreciation is computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of 20-40 years.

Transfers to or from investment property are made when and only when there is an evidence of a change in use.

#### 2.7. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value, after impairment evalution for obsolete and slow moving items. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress includes the applicable allocation of fixed and variable overhead costs based on a normal operating capacity. Unrealizable inventory is fully written-off.

#### 2.8. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand and cash with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash with original maturities of three months or less and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits.

#### 2.9. Financial assets and financial liabilities

The Group and the Company recognize financial asset on its balance sheet when, and only when, the Group and the Company become a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### Investments

According to IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement financial assets are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, held-to maturity investments, loans and receivables, and available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. All purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date. When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value, plus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

#### Receivables and loans granted

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognized in income when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as through the amortization process.

#### Loans received

Loan costs are expensed as incurred.

Loans are initially recognized at fair value of proceeds received, less the costs of transaction. They are subsequently carried at amortized cost, the difference between net proceeds and redemption value being recognized in the net profit or loss over the period of the loans.

#### 2.10. Financial and operating leases

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset or assets or the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

#### 2.11. Grants

Grants received as a compensation for the expenses or unearned income of the current or previous reporting period, also, all the grants, which are not grants related to assets, are considered as grants related to income. The income-related grants are recognized as used in parts to the extent of the expenses incurred during the reporting period or unearned income to be compensated by that grant.

The balance of unutilized grants is shown in caption "Grants received" on the balance sheet.

#### 2.12. Income tax

Income tax is calculated based on the Lithuanian tax legislation

On the year 2008 the income tax applied to the companies in the Republic of Lithuania is 15%.

#### 2.13. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the enterprise and the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably. Sales are recognized net of VAT and discounts.

Revenue from sales of goods is recognized when delivery has taken place and transfer of risk and rewards has been completed.

Sales between the Group companies are eliminated in the consolidated income statement.

#### 2.14. Expense recognition

Expenses are recognized on the basis of accrual and revenue and expense matching principles in the reporting period when the income related to these expenses was earned, irrespective of the time the money was spent. In those cases when the costs incurred cannot be directly attributed to the specific income and they will not bring income during the future periods, they are expensed as incurred.

The amount of expenses is usually accounted as the amount paid or due to be paid, excluding VAT. In those cases when long period of payment is established and the interest is not distinguished, the amount of expenses is estimated by discounting the amount of payment using the market interest rate.

#### 2.15. Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the transaction of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies on the balance sheet date are recognized in the income statement. Such balances are translated at period-end exchange rates.

#### 2.16. Guarantees

Financial guarantees provided by the Group are initially recognized in the financial statements at fair value, under other liabilities caption, being premium received. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group's liability under each guarantee is measured at the higher of the amortized premium and the best estimate of expenditure required settling any financial obligation arising as a result of the guarantee.

Any increase in the liability relating to financial guarantees is recorded to the income statement under Impairment expenses caption. The premium received is recognized in the income statement in financial income on a straight-line basis over the life of the guarantee.

Guarantees represent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the event when a customer cannot meet its obligations to third parties

#### 2.17.Offsetting

When preparing the financial statements, assets and liabilities, as well as revenue and expenses are not set off, except the cases when separate standard specifically require such offsetting.

#### 3. Segment information

For management purposes the activities of the Group and Company are organized as one major segment – production and selling of the dairy products (primary segment). Financial information on geographical segments (secondary segment) is presented below:

	Group		
	As of 30 September 2008	As of 30 September 2007	
Sales			
Lithuania	194.875	170.255	
Other Baltic States and CIS countries	86.974	56.368	
Other European countries	75.890	87.389	
USA	-	47	
Other	3.753	28.398	
	361.492	342.457	

#### 4. Inventories

	Group	
	As of 30 September 2008	As of 30 September 2007
Raw materials	12.403	9.171
Finished goods and work in process	44.078	27.281
Goods for resale	4.065	2.680
	60.546	39.132

#### 5. Loans' repayment terms:

	30 September 2008
2008 m.	799
2009 m.	17.491
2010 m.	1.157
2011 m.	1.670
2012 m.	22.386
2013 m.	418
Total Loans on 30 September 2008	43.921

30 September 2008, outstanding loans of the Group in national and foreign currencies (thous. LTL):

	30 September 2008
Loan currency:	
Euro	27.921
Litas	16.000
	43.921

#### 6. Subsequent events

Subsequent events was not after was make consolidated financial statements.

## Žemaitijos pienas AB Approval of responsible persons

28 November 2008 Telšiai

## Regarding drafting of financial statement for the six months ended 30 June 2008

Following the Article No.22 of Law on Securities of the Republic of Lithuania and Rules on Preparation and Submission of Periodic and Additional approved by Securities Commission of the Republic of Lithuanian we, Robertas Pažemeckas, General Director And Dalia Geciene, Chief Accountant, hereby confirm that, to the our knowledge, the attached JSC "Žemaitijos Pienas" Consolidated Interim Financial Statements for the nine monts of 2008 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards are true and fairly present assets, liabilities, financial position, profit or loss of JSC "Žemaitijos Pienas" group consolidated companies.

**Acting General Director** 

R. Pozi.

Robertas Pažemeckas

Chief Accountante bendrove

Minė bendrov ŽEMAITIJOS PIENAS Dalia Gecienė